Audited Financial Statements

June 30, 2016



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Carlisle Area School District Carlisle, Pennsylvania

#### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carlisle Area School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carlisle Area School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14, OPEB required schedule of funding progress on page 58, schedule of School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability – PSERS on page 59, and schedule of School District's contributions – PSERS on page 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Carlisle Area School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2016 on our consideration of Carlisle Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Carlisle Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Amith Elliott Kearns : Company, LLC

Carlisle, Pennsylvania December 22, 2016

The management of the Carlisle Area School District (CASD or District) is pleased to present the following discussion and analysis of our financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The purpose of this discussion and analysis is to provide a narrative summary of the financial position and activities of the CASD in order to enhance the reader's understanding of the CASD's basic financial statements. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes following this section. This discussion and analysis provides comparative information as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by GASB in Statement No. 34. Certain condensed comparative analyses of financial statements have been presented in this financial analysis.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The CASD had a net increase in fund balance from general fund operations of \$ 97,632 from revenues of \$ 77,432,410 during 2015-16.
- CASD decreased its governmental fund balance by \$5,981 from \$35,260,736 on June 30, 2015 to \$35,254,755 as of June 30, 2016.
- Government and business activities had a positive change in net position during 2015-16 of \$3,288,986 from (\$19,858,119) on June 30, 2015, as restated to (\$16,569,133) as of June 30, 2016.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

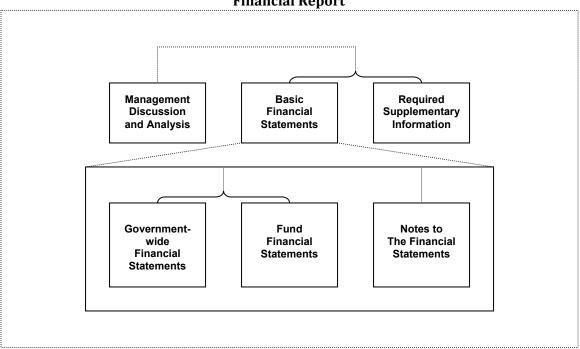
The first two statements are government-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail that the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general CASD services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like a business. For the CASD this is our Food Service Fund, Other Enterprise Funds, and Medical Insurance Fund. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships where the CASD acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

**Table A-1** shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another:

Table A-1 Required Components of Carlisle Area School District's Financial Report





**Table A-2** summarizes the major features of the CASD's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the MD&A explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Table A-2
Major Features of Carlisle Area School District's
Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	* Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	*The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	*Activities the District operates similar to private business-Food Services	*Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources - Trust Funds
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of net position revenues, expenditures, and activities *Balance Sheet *Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund		*Statement of net position *Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position *Statement of cash flows	*Statement of fiduciary net position *Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurements focus	*Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	*Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	*Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	*Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	*All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	*Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no long- term capital assets and liabilities included	*All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	*All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term
Type of inflow- outflow information	*All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of included  *Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or sorvices.		*All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid	*All revenue and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid

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#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the CASD as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the CASD's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Increases or decreases in the CASD's net position are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the CASD, you need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the academic performance of its students.

The government-wide financial statements of the CASD are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities All of the CASD's basic services are included here, such as instruction, administration and community services. Property taxes and state and federal subsidies and grants finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities The CASD operates a food service operation and charges fees to staff, students and visitors to help it cover the costs of the food service operation.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The CASD's fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the CASD's funds focusing on the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements to be reported as major funds.

The CASD has three kinds of funds:

**Governmental Funds** - Most of the CASD's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the CASD's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the CASD's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statement, the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Proprietary Funds** - These funds are used to account for the CASD activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the CASD charges customers for services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units in the District - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The food service fund is one of the CASD's proprietary funds and is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The CASD uses an internal service fund to report activities that provide services and supplies for its other programs and activities. The CASD currently has one internal service fund, its employee medical benefits trust fund.

**Fiduciary Funds** - The CASD is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others - the scholarship funds and student activities funds. All of the CASD's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the CASD's government-wide financial statement because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

The CASD's total governmental and business activities - net position as of June 30, 2016, was (\$ 16,569,133). This is an increase of \$ 3,288,986 over the (\$ 19,858,119) at June 30, 2015, as restated.

#### **Statement of Net Position**

						Component Unit		
-		tal Activities		pe Activities	Tot	Foundation		
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	
Assets and Deferred Outflows of								
Resources								
Current and other assets	\$ 50,849,068	\$ 47,953,873	\$ 511,300	\$ 445,991	\$ 51,360,368	\$ 48,298,101	* \$ 398,883	
Capital assets	102,443,708	104,293,062	724,436	737,264	103,168,144	105,030,326	-	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,615,013	10,335,670	25,629	12,387	10,640,642	10,348,057		
Total Assets and Deferred								
Outflows of Resources	\$ 163,907,789	\$ 162,582,605	\$ 1,261,365	\$ 1,195,642	\$ 165,169,154	\$ 163,676,484	\$ 398,883	
							<u> </u>	
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	\$ 14,265,105	\$ 13,556,568	\$ 302,846	\$ 397,526	\$ 14,567,951	\$ 13,852,331	* \$ 11,340	
Noncurrent liabilities	165,727,357	162,771,847	222,445	142,089	165,949,802	162,913,936		
Total Liabilities	179,992,462	176,328,415	525,291	539,615	180,517,753	176,766,267	11,340	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,218,579	6,758,396	1,955	9,940	1,220,534	6,768,336	-	
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	38,415,038	36,372,678	724,436	737,264	39,139,474	37,109,942	-	
Restricted - future capital expenses	13,841,089	15,837,954	-	-	13,841,089	15,837,954	-	
Restricted - expendable	-	-	-	_	-	-	87,181	
Unrestricted	(69,559,379)	(72,714,838)	9,683	(91,177)	(69,549,696)	(72,806,015)	300,362	
Total Net Position	(17,303,252)	(20,504,206)	734,119	646,087	(16,569,133)	(19,858,119)	387,543	
			<del></del>					
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 163,907,789	\$ 162,582,605	\$ 1,261,365	\$ 1,195,642	\$ 165,169,154	\$ 163,676,484	\$ 398,883	

<sup>\*</sup> Net of eliminations from internal balances.

Most of the CASD's net position is invested in capital assets (buildings, land, and equipment). The remaining unrestricted net assets are combined of designated and undesignated amounts. The restricted balances are amounts set-aside to fund future purchases or capital projects as planned by the District.

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are represented to determine the final amount of the CASD's activities that are supported by other general revenues. The two largest general revenues are local taxes assessed to community taxpayers and the basic education subsidy provided by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

## **Statement of Activities Change of Net Position**

	Governmental Activities			usiness-Type Activities	Totals	Component Unit Foundation		
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	629,642	\$	1,223,947	\$ 1,853,589	\$	-	
Operating grants and contributions		11,981,398		1,372,454	13,353,852		46,673	
Capital grants and contributions		1,637,480		-	1,637,480		-	
General Revenues								
Taxes		50,400,393		-	50,400,393		-	
Grants, subsidies, and contributions		13,905,280		-	13,905,280		42,143	
Investment earnings		43,174		-	43,174		-	
Miscellaneous income and sale of assets		31,689		12,472	44,161		-	
Transfers		(11,673)		11,673	 			
Total Revenues		78,617,383		2,620,546	81,237,929		88,816	
District Expenses		75,416,429		2,532,514	 77,948,943		60,932	
Change in Net Position	\$	3,200,954	\$	88,032	\$ 3,288,986	\$	27,884	

Direct expenses represent the actual cost of providing services and programs while the net cost represents the amount of cost that is not recovered through program revenues, meaning user charges, grants and contributions. The net cost of services must be recovered through general revenue, primarily taxes and state subsidies. Amounts not recovered will reduce funds available for future years.

## **Governmental and Business Activities**

Operating grants and contributions         11,981,398         11,052,932         1,372,454         1,253,585         13,353,852         12,300           Capital grants and contributions         1,637,480         723,211         -         -         1,637,480         723           General Revenues           Taxes         50,400,393         47,784,477         -         -         50,400,393         47,78           Grants, subsidies, and contributions         13,905,280         13,530,464         -         -         13,905,280         13,53           Investment earnings         43,174         37,563         -         -         43,174         3'		Unit	
Revenues           Program Revenues         629,642         766,707         1,223,947         1,162,791         1,853,589         1,92           Operating grants and contributions         11,981,398         11,052,932         1,372,454         1,253,585         13,353,852         12,300           Capital grants and contributions         1,637,480         723,211         -         -         1,637,480         72           General Revenues         50,400,393         47,784,477         -         -         50,400,393         47,78           Grants, subsidies, and contributions         13,905,280         13,530,464         -         -         13,905,280         13,53           Investment earnings         43,174         37,563         -         -         43,174         37           Miscellaneous income and sale of assets         31,689         12,123         12,472         91         44,161         11           Transfers         (11,673)         (493,634)         11,673         493,634         -         -	015	Foundation June 30, 2016	
Program Revenues         629,642         766,707         1,223,947         1,162,791         1,853,589         1,92           Operating grants and contributions         11,981,398         11,052,932         1,372,454         1,253,585         13,353,852         12,30           Capital grants and contributions         1,637,480         723,211         -         -         1,637,480         72           General Revenues         723,211         -         -         50,400,393         47,784,477         -         -         50,400,393         47,78           Grants, subsidies, and contributions         13,905,280         13,530,464         -         -         13,905,280         13,53           Investment earnings         43,174         37,563         -         -         43,174         3           Miscellaneous income and sale of assets         31,689         12,123         12,472         91         44,161         11           Transfers         (11,673)         (493,634)         11,673         493,634         -         -	013	June 30, 2010	
Charges for services         \$ 629,642         \$ 766,707         \$ 1,223,947         \$ 1,162,791         \$ 1,853,589         \$ 1,92           Operating grants and contributions         11,981,398         11,052,932         1,372,454         1,253,585         13,353,852         12,30           Capital grants and contributions         1,637,480         723,211         -         -         -         1,637,480         72           General Revenues         72.75         72.75         7         -         -         50,400,393         47,784,477         -         -         50,400,393         47,78           Grants, subsidies, and contributions         13,905,280         13,530,464         -         -         13,905,280         13,53           Investment earnings         43,174         37,563         -         -         43,174         3           Miscellaneous income and sale of assets         31,689         12,123         12,472         91         44,161         1           Transfers         (11,673)         (493,634)         11,673         493,634         -         -			
Operating grants and contributions         11,981,398         11,052,932         1,372,454         1,253,585         13,353,852         12,300           Capital grants and contributions         1,637,480         723,211         -         -         1,637,480         723           General Revenues         50,400,393         47,784,477         -         -         50,400,393         47,78           Grants, subsidies, and contributions         13,905,280         13,530,464         -         -         13,905,280         13,530           Investment earnings         43,174         37,563         -         -         43,174         3'           Miscellaneous income and sale of assets         31,689         12,123         12,472         91         44,161         1'           Transfers         (11,673)         (493,634)         11,673         493,634         -         -	0.498	\$ -	
Capital grants and contributions         1,637,480         723,211         -         -         1,637,480         72.           General Revenues         50,400,393         47,784,477         -         -         50,400,393         47,78           Grants, subsidies, and contributions         13,905,280         13,530,464         -         -         13,905,280         13,530           Investment earnings         43,174         37,563         -         -         43,174         3°           Miscellaneous income and sale of assets         31,689         12,123         12,472         91         44,161         11           Transfers         (11,673)         (493,634)         11,673         493,634         -         -	,	46,673	
General Revenues         50,400,393         47,784,477         -         -         50,400,393         47,78           Grants, subsidies, and contributions         13,905,280         13,530,464         -         -         13,905,280         13,53           Investment earnings         43,174         37,563         -         -         43,174         3'           Miscellaneous income and sale of assets         31,689         12,123         12,472         91         44,161         1'           Transfers         (11,673)         (493,634)         11,673         493,634         -         -	3,211	-	
Grants, subsidies, and contributions         13,905,280         13,530,464         -         -         13,905,280         13,531           Investment earnings         43,174         37,563         -         -         43,174         3°           Miscellaneous income and sale of assets         31,689         12,123         12,472         91         44,161         1°           Transfers         (11,673)         (493,634)         11,673         493,634         -         -	,		
Investment earnings     43,174     37,563     -     -     43,174     3       Miscellaneous income and sale of assets     31,689     12,123     12,472     91     44,161     1       Transfers     (11,673)     (493,634)     11,673     493,634     -     493,634	477	-	
Miscellaneous income and sale of assets         31,689         12,123         12,472         91         44,161         11           Transfers         (11,673)         (493,634)         11,673         493,634         -         -	,464	42,143	
Transfers (11,673) (493,634) 11,673 493,634 -	,563	-	
(-1,0.0) (100,00.1)	,214	-	
Total Revenue 78,617,383 73,413,843 2,620,546 2,910,101 81,237,929 76,32	-	-	
	3,944	88,816	
Expenses			
Instruction 46,276,463 43,988,264 46,276,463 43,98	3,264	-	
Instructional student support 7,091,734 7,302,522 7,091,734 7,30	,522	-	
Administrative and financial support 8,226,473 7,386,564 8,226,473 7,38	,564	-	
Operation of maintenance of plant services 6,602,082 6,542,766 6,602,082 6,54	,766	-	
Pupil transportation 3,547,118 3,661,682 3,547,118 3,66	,682	-	
Student activities 1,428,847 1,283,293 1,428,847 1,283	3,293	-	
Community services 17,731 12,489 17,731 1:	,489	-	
Interest on long-term debt 2,225,981 2,644,844 2,225,981 2,64	,844	-	
Business-type activities 2,532,514 2,458,872 2,532,514 2,456	3,872	-	
Component unit - Foundation		60,932	
Total Expense 75,416,429 72,822,424 2,532,514 2,458,872 77,948,943 75,28	,296	60,932	
Changes in Net Position 3,200,954 591,419 88,032 451,229 3,288,986 1,045	2,648	27,884	
Net Position - Beginning (as restated) (20,504,206) (21,095,625) (646,087 194,858 (19,858,119) (20,906)	),767)	359,659	
Net Position - Ending \$ (17,303,252) \$ (20,504,206) \$ 734,119 \$ 646,087 \$ (16,569,133) \$ (19,85)			

## **Fund Balances**

The CASD classifies fund balances based on the relative strength of the constraints that control the purposes for which specific amounts can be spent, in accordance with GASB 54. CASD decreased its governmental fund balance by \$ 5,981 from \$ 35,260,736 on June 30, 2015, \$ 35,254,755 as of June 30, 2016.

The Board of Directors uses the CASD's fund balances to cover the costs of current and future capital projects, including those related to technology, and to protect educational programs and operating expenses against future scheduled increases in the state retirement system employer contribution rates, along with future volatility in funding sources and the economy of the region.

#### **Governmental Fund Balance**

General Fund - committed fund balance	\$	5,997,990
General Fund - assigned fund balance	·	625,000
General Fund - unassigned fund balance		8,623,724
Capital Projects Fund - restricted fund balance		-
Capital Projects Fund - committed fund balance		6,166,952
Capital Reserve Fund - restricted fund balance		13,841,089
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$	35,254,755
Total restricted fund balance	\$	13,841,089
Total committed fund balance		12,164,942
Total assigned fund balance		625,000
Total unassigned fund balance		8,623,724
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$	35,254,755

#### **General Fund Budget**

On June 27, 2006, the Pennsylvania Legislature passed Act 1 of Special Session of 2006, entitled the "Taxpayer Relief Act". Act 1 requires school districts to limit tax increases in the property tax millage rate to no more than the level set by an inflation index, unless the school district obtains approval from the Pennsylvania Department of Education for certain exceptions, or approval for a higher increase is received from voters in a ballot referendum. For the 2015-16 fiscal year, CASD's adjusted Act 1 Index was set at 2.4% and the Board of Directors voted to increase the property tax millage rate the same amount.

It is important to note that school district boards of school directors are the only elected boards with taxing authority in Pennsylvania where the authority is limited by law. All other elected boards, including city/borough councils, township supervisors, county commissioners, and the general assembly have no such limitation. With declining or minimal increases in education funding from the state and federal governments, the CASD will be challenged in the future to balance the general fund budget.

The Board of Directors and CASD administration will continue to work in the future to put together an annual operating budget that focuses on the educational development of students and properly maintains the facilities of the District for the long-term.

	Fi	inal Budget	Actual	Variance		
Total Revenues	\$	73,726,570	\$ 77,432,410	\$	3,705,840	
Total Expenditures		74,090,631	 73,324,105		766,526	
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures		(364,061)	4,108,305		4,472,366	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,000,000)	 (4,010,673)		(10,673)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(4,364,061)	\$ 97,632	\$	4,461,693	

## **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2016, the District in conducting its governmental activities had \$102,443,708 invested in capital assets; including land; buildings; site improvements; equipment, furniture, and fixtures; and construction in process. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deletions and depreciation) of \$1,849,354 from the previous fiscal year.

## **Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)**

	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jι	ne 30, 2015	Change			
<b>Governmental Activities</b>								
Land	\$	1,951,733	\$	1,951,733	\$	-		
Buildings		83,238,643		43,609,029		39,629,614		
Site improvements		5,942,277		6,244,619		(302,342)		
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		8,357,105		9,632,353		(1,275,248)		
Construction in process		2,953,950		42,855,328		(39,901,378)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	102,443,708	\$	104,293,062	\$	(1,849,354)		
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>								
Furniture and equipment	\$	724,436	\$	737,264	\$	(12,828)		

## Long-Term Liabilities/Outstanding Bonds and Notes Payable

As of June 30, 2015, the CASD had total outstanding bonds and notes payable of \$ 69,914,621. During the 2015-16 fiscal year, the CASD made regular payments of \$ 4,936,138, resulting in a balance, as of June 30, 2016, of \$ 64,978,483. The CASD's debt is assigned a Moody's rating of Aa2, which reflects the high quality of the CASD's debt.

## **Outstanding Bonds and Notes Payable**

	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015	Change
<b>General Obligation Bonds</b>					_
Series of 2011	\$	25,925,000	\$	26,055,000	\$ (130,000)
Series of 2012A		8,285,000		8,735,000	(450,000)
Series of 2012B		2,440,000		2,495,000	(55,000)
Series of 2014		7,325,000		8,685,000	(1,360,000)
Series of 2014A		1,905,000		2,515,000	(610,000)
Series of 2014B		6,255,000		8,005,000	(1,750,000)
Series of 2015A		6,775,000		6,865,000	(90,000)
Series of 2015B		2,890,000		2,940,000	(50,000)
Unamortized bond (discounts) premium		3,178,483		3,619,621	 (441,138)
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	64,978,483	\$	69,914,621	\$ (4,936,138)

Other long-term liabilities of the CASD include accrued sick leave vacation and retirement stipend for employees and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for retired employees and not pension liability. CASD retirees may purchase medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage's until they reach age 65.

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The Bison Foundation is presented as a discretely presented component unit on the entity-wide financial statements. The purpose of The Bison Foundation is to strengthen community participation in school programs, enhance the educational opportunity of students by providing additional funds in order to assure educational excellence in the Carlisle Area School District. As of June 30, 2016, the Foundation had a total net position of \$ 387,543.

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE CASD'S FUTURE

The CASD continues to maintain a strong financial position based upon a stable tax base and adequate reserves to provide coverage for changes in economic conditions and state and federal government funding. During the 2012-13 and 2013-14 fiscal years, the District undertook a \$ 39 million project to renovate and expand its two middle schools, which were originally opened in the late 1970's. This resulted in a substantial increase in the long-term debt of the District in the 2011-12 fiscal year.

The future funding levels for CASD operations continues to be uncertain. As noted previously, Pennsylvania law limits the ability of the Board of Directors to increase the property tax millage rate for any given fiscal year. Property taxes represent the major source of revenue for the District. The level of state funding provided for K-12 education continues to be an item vigorously debated in the State General Assembly on an annual basis.

The funding of the cost of employee retirement through the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) remains a substantial financial concern. The employer contribution rate based on wages paid has increased substantially in the last few years as follows: 8.65% in 2011-12, 12.36% in 2012-13, 16.93% in 2013-14, 21.40% in 2014-15, 25.84% in 2015-2016, and 30.03% in 2016-17. The contribution rate for the 2017-18 fiscal year has been certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees at 32.57%. Currently, the rates for future fiscal years are projected at 34.18% for 2018-19, 35.53% for 2019-20, 35.95% for 2020-21, and 36.40% for 2021-22. The contribution rate is projected to continue to be in excess of 36% for at least 3 additional years beyond 2021-22. Even at the elevated rate of 32.57% in 2017-18, the unfunded liability for the retirement system is projected to increase. The CASD has no control over the retirement plan provided to its employees or the rate required for it to be funded.

The student enrollment of the CASD has seen moderate growth in recent years and based on demographic data is projected to continue to grow modestly and then stabilize. At this point, the District is expecting to be able to accommodate future enrollment increases at existing school sites with the addition of classroom capacity as necessary.

The safety and security of students, staff, parents, and the public has been and will remain a high priority for the CASD. It is expected that the District will continue to make investments in safety and security going forward.

The current collective bargaining agreement with the Carlisle Area Education Association, which represents the teachers and other professional employees of the CASD, expired on August 15, 2016. The CASD administration and the CAEA leadership have a good working relationship and the expectation is that a good relationship will continue into the future.

## CONTACTING THE CASD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the Carlisle Area School District's finances and to demonstrate the accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, please contact the Business Office of the Carlisle Area School District located at 623 West Penn Street, Carlisle, PA 17013 at (717) 240-6800.

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2016

	Governmental	Business-Type		Component Unit		
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Fo	undation	
ASSETS Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,749,298	\$ 407,218	\$ 36,156,516	\$	342,538	
Investments	1,500,000	ψ <del>1</del> 07,210	1,500,000	Ψ	572,550	
Receivables:	1,300,000	-	1,300,000		-	
Taxes, net	3,419,678	_	3,419,678		_	
Intergovernmental	4,237,684	141,846	4,379,530		_	
Other	345,643	10,824	356,467		56,345	
Internal balances	81,614	(81,614)	-		-	
Inventories	01,014	33,026	33,026		_	
Prepaid items	5,515,151	-	5,515,151		-	
Total current assets	50,849,068	511,300	51,360,368		398,883	
Noncurrent Assets			<u></u>		070,000	
Capital assets not being depreciated	1.051.722	152.000	2.105.622			
Land	1,951,733	153,900	2,105,633		-	
Construction in progress	2,953,950	-	2,953,950		-	
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation						
Site improvements, net	5,942,277	-	5,942,277		-	
Buildings, net	83,238,643	324,277	83,562,920		-	
Equipment, furniture and fixtures, net	8,357,105	246,259	8,603,364		-	
Total noncurrent assets	102,443,708	724,436	103,168,144		-	
Total assets	153,292,776	1,235,736	154,528,512		398,883	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pension liability	9,030,752	25,629	9,056,381		-	
Deferred charge on bond refunding	1,584,261	-	1,584,261		-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	10,615,013	25,629	10,640,642		-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 163,907,789	\$ 1,261,365	\$ 165,169,154	\$	398,883	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 3,162,065	\$ 302,486		\$	11,340	
Accrued salaries and benefits/withholdings	5,136,331	-	5,136,331		-	
Accrued interest	739,384	-	739,384		-	
Portion due or payable within one year:						
General obligation bonds and notes payable	5,061,138	-	5,061,138		-	
Compensated absences/retirement stipend	125,860	360	126,220		-	
Capital lease	40,327		40,327		-	
Total current liabilities	14,265,105	302,846	14,567,951		11,340	
Noncurrent liabilities						
Portion due or payable after one year:						
Accounts payable	-	52,900	52,900		-	
General obligation bonds and notes payable	59,917,345	-	59,917,345		-	
Compensated absences/retirement stipend	1,545,431	3,242	1,548,673		-	
Capital lease	85,806		85,806		_	
Net pension obligation	102,707,556	166,303	102,873,859		_	
OPEB Liability	1,471,219	-	1,471,219		_	
Total noncurrent liabilities	165,727,357	222,445	165,949,802	-		
Total liabilities	179,992,462	525,291	180,517,753		11,340	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pension liability	1,218,579	1,955	1,220,534			
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	38,415,038	724,436	39,139,474		_	
•		724,430			_	
Restricted - future capital expenses	13,841,089	-	13,841,089		07.101	
Restricted - expendable	-	- 0.602	-		87,181	
Unrestricted Total not position	(69,559,379) (17,303,353)	9,683	(69,549,696)	-	300,362	
Total net position	(17,303,252)	734,119	(16,569,133)		387,543	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and net position	\$ 163,907,789	\$ 1,261,365	\$ 165,169,154	\$	398,883	

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Activities** Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Prog	gram Revenue			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
						Operating	Cap	ital Grants	·-							ponent
T .: (D			0			and		nmental		iness-type				Unit		
Functions/Programs Primary Government	Ехре	enses		Services	Co	ntributions	Cor	tributions	Activities		A	ctivities	To	otal	Fou	ndation
Governmental activities																
Instruction	\$ 46.	276,463	\$	403,413	\$	9,238,861	\$		\$ (36	,634,189)	\$		\$ (36	,634,189)	\$	
Instruction Instructional student support		276,463 091,734	Ф	403,413	Ф	823,412	Ф	-		5,034,189) 5,268,322)	Ф	-		,034,189) ,268,322)	Ф	-
Administrative and financial support services		226,473		104,311		524,465		-		,,200,322) ,,597,697)		-		,200,322) ,597,697)		-
Operation and maintenance of plant services		602,082		46,972		250,634		-		,397,097)		-		,397,097)		-
Pupil transportation		547,118		40,972		1,047,117		-		(,500,001)		-	-	,500,001)		-
Student activities		,		72 222		83,874		-				-				-
Community services	1,	428,847 17,731		72,323 2,623				-	(1	,272,650)		-	(1)	,272,650)		-
Interest on long-term debt	2	225,981		2,023		13,035		1,637,480		(2,073)		-	,	(2,073)		-
S						-				(588,501)				(588,501)		
Total governmental activities	75,	416,429		629,642		11,981,398		1,637,480	(61	,167,909)		-	(61)	,167,909)		-
Business-type activities																
Food services	2,	449,069		1,010,801		1,372,454		-		-		(65,814)		(65,814)		-
Property rentals	ŕ	83,445		213,146		-		-		-		129,701		129,701		-
Total business-type activities	2	532,514		1,223,947		1,372,454						63,887	-	63,887	•	
	-	<del></del>											-			
Total primary government	\$ 77,	948,943	\$	1,853,589	\$	13,353,852	\$	1,637,480	\$ (61	,167,909)	\$	63,887	\$ (61)	,104,022)		
Component Unit - Foundation	\$	60,932	\$		\$	46,673	\$	-							\$	(14,259)
		revenues			macac	, public utility r	aaltu ta	u.								
		d earned inc			poses	, public utility i	carty ta	λ,	\$ 50	,400,393	\$	_	\$ 50	,400,393	\$	_
				ax contributions r	not roc	ctricted				,,400,373	Ψ	_		,905,280	Ψ	42,143
		stment earn		continuutions i	100103	stricted			13	43,174		_	13	43,174		
		ellaneous ir	_							30,689		_		30,689		_
		of assets	icomic							1,000		12,472		13,472		
	Trans									(11,673)		11,673		-		-
	Tot	tal general r	evenu	es and transfe	rs				64	,368,863		24,145	64	,393,008		42,143
	C	hange in ne	t posi	tion					3	,200,954		88,032	3	,288,986		27,884
	Net posi	tion - begin	ning, a	as restated					(20	,504,206)		646,087	(19	,858,119)		359,659
	Net posi	tion - endin	g						(\$ 17	,303,252)	\$	734,119	(\$ 16	,569,133)		387,543

	G	eneral Fund	Caj	pital Projects Fund	Ca	pital Reserve Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,030,700	\$	6,545,289	\$	14,173,309	\$	35,749,298
Investments		1,500,000		-		-		1,500,000
Taxes receivable, net		3,419,678		-		-		3,419,678
Due from other funds		120,455		-		-		120,455
Receivable from other governments		4,237,684		-		-		4,237,684
Other receivables		345,643						345,643
Total assets	\$	24,654,160	\$	6,545,289	\$	14,173,309	\$	45,372,758
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,945,285	\$	378,087	\$	293,629	\$	2,617,001
Due to other funds	•	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	250	•	38,591	•	38,841
Accrued salaries and benefits/						,		,-
withholdings		5,136,331		-		-		5,136,331
Total liabilities		7,081,616		378,337		332,220		7,792,173
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable tax revenue		1,402,120		-		-		1,402,120
Unavailable state subsidies		923,710		-		-		923,710
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,325,830		-	_	-		2,325,830
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted fund balance								
Restricted for future capital projects		-		-		13,841,089		13,841,089
Committed fund balance								
Future retirement costs		3,800,000		-		-		3,800,000
Future medical insurance costs		1,697,990		-		-		1,697,990
Future property insurance		500,000		-		-		500,000
Future capital projects		-		6,166,952		-		6,166,952
Assigned fund balance								
2016-2017 budgeted use of								
fund balance		625,000		-		-		625,000
Unassigned fund balance		8,623,724			_			8,623,724
Total fund balances		15,246,714		6,166,952		13,841,089	_	35,254,755
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	24,654,160	\$	6,545,289	\$	14,173,309	\$	45,372,758

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net **Position**

June 30, 2016

Total fund	ba	lances -	governmenta	l funds
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35,254,755

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.

> Cost of assets 162,079,961

Accumulated depreciation (59,636,253) 102,443,708

An internal service fund is used by management to pay for medical insurance costs. The portion of net position of the internal service fund related to the governmental funds is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

4,970,087

Other assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statement, but are reported in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

> Taxes receivable 1,402,120 Rental subsidy receivable 923,710 2,325,830

Deferred charges on bond refundings are reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

1,584,261

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources consist of:

Bonds and notes payable, net of discount and premium	(64,978,483)
Accrued interest on bonds	(739,384)
Compensated absences/retirement stipend	(1,671,291)
Capital lease	(126,133)
Net pension liability	(102,707,556)
Deferred outflows related to pension liability	9,030,752
Deferred inflows related to pension liability	(1,218,579)
OPEB liability	(1,471,219)

(163,881,893)

Net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position

\$ (17,303,252)

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Total
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Governmental Funds
REVENUES	deneral runu	Funu	runu	runus
Local revenues				
Taxes	\$ 50,147,940	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,147,940
Investment earnings	23,691	-	11,182	34,873
Revenue from intermediate sources	901,330	-	-	901,330
Other	737,501	-	-	737,501
State sources	23,843,851	-	-	23,843,851
Federal sources	1,778,097		<u> </u>	1,778,097
Total revenues	77,432,410		11,182	77,443,592
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	42,420,044	-	-	42,420,044
Support services	22,665,202	-	551,794	23,216,996
Operation of noninstructional services	1,322,777	-	- -	1,322,777
Facilities acquisition, construction and				
improvements	5,165	806,748	2,756,253	3,568,166
Debt service:				
Principal	4,531,884	=	-	4,531,884
Interest	2,379,033	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,379,033
Total expenditures	73,324,105	806,748	3,308,047	77,438,900
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	4,108,305	(806,748)	(3,296,865)	4,692
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of fixed asset	1,000	-	-	1,000
Interfund transfers	(4,011,673)	2,700,000	1,300,000	(11,673)
Total other financing sources and uses	(4,010,673)	2,700,000	1,300,000	(10,673)
Net change in fund balances	97,632	1,893,252	(1,996,865)	(5,981)
Fund balances - beginning	15,149,082	4,273,700	15,837,954	35,260,736
Fund balances - ending	\$ 15,246,714	\$ 6,166,952	\$ 13,841,089	\$ 35,254,755

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(5,981)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays differed from depreciation expense in the current		
	5,351,405) 3,513,457	(1,837,948)
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase other financing sources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the changes in the fund balance by the undepreciated cost of the capital assets sold.		(11,406)
Revenue and expenses of the internal service fund are reported as proprietary activities in the fund financials, but this primarily supports the governmental activities, and thus the change in net position applicable to the governmental activities.		1,086,773
Governmental funds do not present certain revenues unless they are "available" to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned. Because certain revenues will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Unavailable revenues changed by this amount this year.		1,162,326
Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal and capital leases as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premium, discount, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:		
Repayment of general obligations - principal Repayment of capital leases - principal Amortization of bond premium, discounts, prepaid bond insurance, and deferred charge on bond refundings	s	4,495,000 36,884 111,944
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the difference between the amount incurred and the amount paid of:		
Accrued interest OPEB liability Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows Compensated absences/retirement stipend	_	41,108 (56,281) (2,021,174) 199,709
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	3,200,954

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -**General Fund** Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget				Actual (Budgetary/		Variance with	
-		Original		Final	(	GAAP Basis)	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES								
Local sources								
Taxes	\$	46,846,000	\$	47,426,000	\$	50,147,940	\$	2,721,940
Investment earnings		20,000		20,000		23,691		3,691
Revenue from intermediate sources		860,000		860,000		901,330		41,330
Other		456,000		456,000		737,501		281,501
State sources Federal sources		23,253,631		23,234,570		23,843,851		609,281
	_	1,530,000	_	1,730,000	_	1,778,097		48,097
Total revenues		72,965,631	_	73,726,570	_	77,432,410		3,705,840
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction								
Regular programs		29,245,096		29,245,096		28,789,475		455,621
Special programs		8,558,848		8,558,848		8,890,800		(331,952)
Vocational education		1,661,539		1,661,539		1,653,628		7,911
Other instructional		2,394,488		2,394,488		2,766,546		(372,058)
Nonpublic school programs		8,850		8,850		20,460		(11,610)
Adult and higher education programs		302,583		302,583		299,135		3,448
Support services								
Pupil personnel services		4,149,786		4,149,786		3,658,110		491,676
Instructional staff services		2,019,307		2,019,307		1,721,155		298,152
Administrative services		3,955,265		3,955,265		3,974,425		(19,160)
Pupil health		1,174,220		1,174,220		1,086,495		87,725
Business		926,726		926,726		988,815		(62,089)
Operation and maintenance of plant services		5,973,193		5,973,193		5,928,315		44,878
Student transportation services		3,335,485		3,335,485		3,285,401		50,084
Central support services		2,227,707		2,227,707		1,969,408		258,299
Other support services		55,000		55,000		53,078		1,922
Operation of noninstructional services								
Student activities		1,276,638		1,276,638		1,305,490		(28,852)
Community services		15,400		15,400		16,438		(1,038)
Other noninstructional services		500		500		849		(349)
Facilities acquisition, construction and								
improvements		=		-		5,165		(5,165)
Debt service								
Principal		4,275,000		4,275,000		4,531,884		(256,884)
Interest	_	2,535,000		2,535,000	_	2,379,033	_	155,967
Total expenditures	_	74,090,631		74,090,631	_	73,324,105		766,526
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		1,000		1,000
Interfund transfers				(4,000,000)	_	(4,011,673)		(11,673)
Total other financing sources and (uses)		<u> </u>		(4,000,000)		(4,010,673)		(10,673)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,125,000)	\$	(4,364,061)	\$	97,632	\$	4,461,693
Fund balance - beginning						15,149,082		
Fund balance - ending					\$	15,246,714		

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds** June 30, 2016

	<b>Enterprise</b>						<b>Internal Service</b>		
	Fo	od Service	Othe	er Enterprise			Medical		
ACCOUNTS		Fund		Funds		Total	Ins	urance Fund	
ASSETS									
Current Assets	ф	166540	ф	240.670	ф	407.210	¢		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	166,540	\$	240,678	\$	407,218	\$	-	
Intergovernmental receivables		141,846		-		141,846		-	
Other receivables		10,824		-		10,824		-	
Prepaids		-		-		-		5,515,151	
Inventory		33,026		<u> </u>		33,026			
Total current assets		352,236		240,678		592,914		5,515,151	
Noncurrent Assets									
Land		-		153,900		153,900		-	
Site improvements		-		15,183		15,183		-	
Buildings		-		856,267		856,267			
Furniture and equipment		2,662,475		-		2,662,475		-	
Accumulated depreciation		(2,416,216)		(547,173)		(2,963,389)		-	
Total noncurrent assets		246,259		478,177	_	724,436		-	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred outflows related to pension liability		25,629		_		25,629		_	
Total assets and deferred outflows		20,029				20,027			
of resources	\$	624,124	\$	718,855	\$	1,342,979	¢	5,515,151	
0.1.000.000	φ	024,124	φ	710,033	<u>\$</u>	1,342,979	Φ	3,313,131	
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities	ф	202.407	ф		ф	202.406	¢.	E 4 E 0 C 4	
Accounts payable/accrued medical claims  Due to other funds	\$	302,486	\$	- 01 242	\$	302,486	\$	545,064	
		372		81,242		81,614		-	
Compensated absences		360			_	360			
Total current liabilities		303,218		81,242		384,460		545,064	
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Accounts payable		52,900		-		52,900		-	
Compensated absences		3,242		-		3,242		-	
Net pension liability		166,303		-		166,303			
Total noncurrent liabilities		222,445		-		222,445		-	
Total liabilities		525,663		81,242		606,905		545,064	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows related to pension liability		1,955				1,955			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		246,259		478,177		724,436		_	
Unrestricted		(149,753)		159,436		9,683		4,970,087	
Total net position		96,506		637,613		734,119		4,970,087	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and net position	\$	624,124	\$	718,855	\$	1,342,979	\$	5,515,151	

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position- Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Food Service	Enterprise Other Enterprise		Internal Service Medical	
	Fund	Funds	Total	Insurance Fund	
OPERATING REVENUE Sales and charges for services/insurance					
premiums	\$ 1,010,801	\$ 213,146	\$ 1,223,947	\$ 9,088,845	
Total operating revenues	1,010,801	213,146	1,223,947	9,088,845	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purchased services	1,907,653	6,870	1,914,523	-	
Food and milk purchases	216,239	-	216,239	-	
Salaries	45,150	-	45,150	-	
Employee benefits	69,416	-	69,416	7,459,707	
Administrative fees and overhead costs	-	-	-	550,667	
Supplies	75,975	532	76,507	-	
Depreciation	60,408	34,685	95,093	-	
Repairs and maintenance	66,891	6,770	73,661	-	
Other operating expenses	7,337	2,681	10,018	-	
Real estate taxes	-	30,925	30,925	-	
Maintenance		982	982		
Total operating expenses	2,449,069	83,445	2,532,514	8,010,374	
Operating income (loss)	(1,438,268)	129,701	(1,308,567)	1,078,471	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Federal subsidies	1,290,247	-	1,290,247	-	
State subsidies	82,207	-	82,207	-	
Gain on sale of asset	12,472	-	12,472	-	
Interest income				8,302	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	1,384,926		1,384,926	8,302	
Income (loss) before transfers	(53,342)	129,701	76,359	1,086,773	
TRANSFERS					
Interfund transfers	11,673		11,673	<del>-</del>	
Change in net position	(41,669)	129,701	88,032	1,086,773	
Total net position - beginning	138,175	507,912	646,087	3,883,314	
Total net position - ending	\$ 96,506	\$ 637,613	\$ 734,119	\$ 4,970,087	

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise			Internal Service				
	F	ood Service		er Enterprise			-	Medical
0.10.6		Fund		Funds		Total	Ins	urance Fund
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from sales/rentals/insurance								
premiums	\$	1,008,526	\$	213,146	\$	1,221,672	\$	9,088,845
Cash payments for goods and services	Ψ	(2,016,725)	Ψ	(48,760)	Ψ	(2,065,485)	Ψ	-
Cash payments to and on behalf of employees		(111,452)		-		(111,452)		(9,097,147)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(1,119,651)	_	164,386		(955,265)	_	(8,302)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Purchase of equipment		(82,265)		-		(82,265)		-
Purchase of land and building		-		(17,012)		(17,012)		-
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		12,472		-		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(69,793)		(17,012)	_	(82,265)		-
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Transfers (to)/from other funds		11,673		-		11,673		-
Federal subsidies		1,113,697		-		1,113,697		-
State subsidies		82,823		-		82,823		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital								
financing activities	_	1,208,193			_	1,208,193	_	
Cash flows from investing activities								
Earnings on investments						<u>-</u>	_	8,302
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		18,749		147,374		170,663		-
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		147,791		93,304		241,095		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	166,540	\$	240,678	\$	407,218	\$	<u> </u>
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities								
Cash flows from operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,438,268)	\$	129,701	\$	(1,308,567)	\$	1,078,471
Adjustments to reconcile operating								
income (loss) to net cash provided								
(used) by operating activities:								
Donated food used		176,781		-		176,781		-
Depreciation		60,408		34,685		95,093		-
(Increase) decrease in:		00.400				00.400		
Inventory		20,628		-		20,628		-
Accounts receivable		(2,275)		-		(2,275)		- (1 222 0 (4)
Prepaids		-		-		-		(1,332,864)
Increase (decrease) in:		6.020				6.020		
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows Compensated absences		6,029 222		-		6,029 222		-
Due to other funds		(3,137)		-		(3,137)		-
Accounts payable		59,961		<u> </u>		59,961		246,091
Total adjustments		318,617		34,685		353,302		(1,086,773)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(1,119,651)	\$	164,386	\$	(955,265)	\$	(8,302)

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position** June 30, 2016

	Agency Fund	Private Purpose Trust Fund			
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 77,454	\$	116		
Investments	<del>_</del>		15,000		
Total assets	\$ 77,454	\$	15,116		
LIABILITIES					
Due to student groups	\$ 73,083	\$	-		
Accounts payable	4,371				
Total liabilities	77,454				
NET POSITION					
Held in trust			15,116		
Total net position	\$ -	\$	15,116		

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position** Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Interest income	<u>\$ 116</u>
Total additions	116
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships and awards/grants	<del></del> _
Total deductions	
Change in net position	116
Net position - beginning	15,000
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 15,116</u>

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Carlisle Area School District (School District) operates a public school system which is comprised of Carlisle Borough, Mt. Holly Springs Borough, North Dickinson Township, and North Middleton Township in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania.

The School District consists of seven elementary schools, two middle schools, and one high school.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements define the criteria used to determine the composition of the reporting entity. These standards require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government; (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; (3) organizations that are fiscally dependent on the primary government and a financial benefit or burden exists, and (4) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The School District is not a component unit of any other entities. Based on the above criteria, the School District has no component units other than The Bison Foundation.

The Bison Foundation is presented as a discretely presented component unit.

#### The Bison Foundation

On May 31, 2000, The Bison Foundation ("Foundation") was formed. The purpose of the Foundation is to strengthen community participation in school programs, enhance the educational opportunity of students by providing additional funds in order to assure educational excellence in the Carlisle Area School District. The Foundation is included in these financial statements as a component unit because the main purpose of the Foundation is to provide resources to benefit the School District.

Separate financial statements of the Foundation are available by contacting the Foundation at 623 West Penn Street, Carlisle, PA 17013.

The School District is affiliated with Harrisburg Area Community College (HACC), along with numerous other member school districts in a joint venture arrangement. The member school districts participate in providing oversight responsibility to this entity through the following:

- Appointing of Board members who are also Board members of the participating schools
- Approval and funding of operating budget
- Long-term agreement to provide funding for capital expenditures

## Reporting Entity (Continued)

The School District has an ongoing financial responsibility to fund its proportionate share of the operating budgets of this entity, but has no equity interest in it. Separate financial statements are prepared for and available from HACC.

See additional information regarding payments to the above affiliated organization at Note 12.

The School District is also affiliated with the South Central Region School Employees Benefit Welfare Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool which provides employees medical insurance. The member school districts appoint the Trustees of the Trust and is one of ten participating members in the Trust at June 30, 2016. The Trust is not deemed a component unit of the School District under governmental accounting principles. See Note 14 for further information.

## Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

#### 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The measurement focus is on the flow of expendable resources, rather than on net earnings determination.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The general fund is used to account for all the financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from local property, earned income, and state and federal subsidies. Many of the more important activities of the School District, including instruction, administration of the School District, and certain noninstructional services are accounted for in this fund. This is a legally budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

**Capital Reserve Fund** – The capital reserve fund (Section 2932 is authorized by Pennsylvania Law 145, Act of April 30, 1943, known as Section 2932 School Laws of Pennsylvania) accounts for (1) monies transferred during any fiscal year from appropriations made for any particular purpose which may not be needed, and (2) surplus monies in the General Fund of the School District at the end of any fiscal year. These funds must be used for capital improvements.

**Capital Projects Fund** - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

## Fund Accounting (Continued)

#### 2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The focus of proprietary funds is on the determination of net earnings and capital maintenance. The following funds are utilized:

## Food Service Fund - Enterprise Fund - Major Fund

This fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the cafeteria operations as authorized under Section 504 of the Public School Code of 1949. It is the intent of the governing body that the cost of providing such goods or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or cost reimbursement plans.

The School District does not attempt to allocate "building-wide costs" to the food service fund. Thus, general fund expenditures which partially benefit the food service fund (utilities, janitorial services, insurance, etc.) are not proportionately recognized within the food service fund; similarly, the food service fund does not recognize a cost for the building space it occupies (no rental-of-facilities expense).

#### Property Rental Fund - Enterprise Fund - Non-Major Fund

This fund was established to account for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the rental of facilities owned and operated by the School District. It is the intent of the governing body to charge for the rental of the facilities to cover the expenses associated with their upkeep.

#### Medical Insurance Fund - Internal Service Fund

This fund was established to create a reserve for future medical claims. The fund accounts for the transactions of the School District associated with self-insuring the School District's medical costs.

## 3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The private-purpose trust fund consists of bequests that have been established in prior years. Only the earnings are available for the specific purpose of providing awards and scholarships as prescribed by donor stipulation. Officials of the School District determine the winners of the awards and scholarships, which are made only if there are qualified recipients and adequate earnings. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Student Activity fund is classified as an agency fund.

## **Basis of Presentation**

**Government-wide Financial Statements** – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District has a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

In addition, a separate column is used to present the financial information for the discretely presented component unit, the Bison Foundation.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District, and for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

**Fund Financial Statements** – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds (if applicable) are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

## Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Net position (total assets plus deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is used as a practical measure of economic resources and the operating statement includes all transactions and events that increased or decreased net position. Depreciation is charged as expense against current operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers tax revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Revenue from federal, state, and other grants designated for payment of specific School District expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred and the revenue is available, which is generally 60 days; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as liabilities until earned. If time eligibility requirements are not met, a deferred inflow of resources would be recorded. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In the current year, due to budget issues at the state level, no rental subsidy payments were remitted to the School District, even though the School District earned the revenue by making its required debt payments. Despite the fact the funds were not available based on the typical availability criterion, due to this unusual circumstance the School District recorded the funds due from the state for projects that were approved as of June 30, 2016 as revenue on the fund financial statements in order to maintain consistency in revenue recognition between years.

In addition, subsequent to June 30, 2016 the School District had several capital projects approved for reimbursement by the State. Since this approval did not occur until after yearend and the funds were not received within 60 days, these revenues are not considered as earned and available for the fund financials and are shown as unavailable revenue on the governmental funds balance sheet. These reimbursements for debt payments from 2012-2016 are included as revenues on the government-wide statement of activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing food services, including charges for meals and the costs of food, salaries and benefits, depreciation, and other expenses. Federal and State subsidies are considered non-operating revenues as no exchange transaction occurs.

## **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An operating budget is adopted each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Pennsylvania School Code dictates specific procedures relative to adoption of the School District's budget and reporting of its financial statements, specifically:

- 1. The School District, before levying annual school taxes, is required to prepare an operating budget for the succeeding fiscal year.
- 2. The Board of School Directors may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action. An affirmative vote of two-thirds of all members of the Board is required.
- 3. Fund balances in budgetary funds may be appropriated based on resolutions passed by the Board of Education, which authorize the School District to make expenditures. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.
- 4. Included in the General Fund budget are program budgets as prescribed by the state and federal agencies funding the programs. These budgets are approved on a program-by-program basis by the state or federal funding agency. These programs frequently result in supplementary budget appropriations.

Capital budgets are not implemented for capital improvements in the Capital Reserve Fund or Capital Projects Fund. All transactions of the Capital Reserve Fund and Capital Projects Fund are approved by the Board prior to commitment, thereby constructively achieving budgetary control.

## Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits, petty cash, savings, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less. Investments include certificates of deposit with original maturities greater than three months. Investments are stated at market value. Accrued interest is included with other receivables on the balance sheet and statement of net position.

#### **Inventory**

Inventory in the Food Service Fund consists of expendable supplies and food (valued at cost) held for consumption. Government-donated commodities are valued at estimated fair market value. The expendable supplies are recorded as an expenditure when used. The cost of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased in the fund financial statements and the asset (valued at cost) at June 30 is offset by nonspendable fund balance. Governmental fund supplies inventories are capitalized at cost and expensed as used on the government-wide financial statements.

## Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized unless it is incurred in a proprietary fund.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Land improvements	20 years	N/A
Buildings and improvements	20 - 30 years	N/A
Furniture and equipment	5 - 10 years	5 - 12 years
Vehicles	10 years	N/A

## Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The School District has several items that qualify for reporting in this category, including the deferred charge on bond refunding and various amounts related to pension liabilities. These amounts will be amortized in future periods.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School's deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2016 consist of various amounts related to pension liabilities (on the statement of net position) and unavailable tax and grant revenue (on the balance sheet – governmental funds).

## Interfund Activity/Internal Balances

Advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. Interfund balances and transactions are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions, if any, between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

## **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the statement of net position. This same treatment also applies to proprietary fund financial statements.

Bond premiums and discounts, deferred charge on bond refunding, as well as prepaid bond insurance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. The deferred charge on bond refunding is reported as deferred outflows of resources and amortized over the term of the related debt. Prepaid bond insurance costs are reported as an asset and amortized over the term of the related debt. Other bond issuance costs are expensed at the time the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources and original issue discounts or premiums are reported as other financing sources or uses. Issuance costs and underwriter's discount, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as support service expenditures.

#### Retirement Plans

The School District contributes to the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The School District accounts for the plan under the provisions of GASB Standards, which establish standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expense and related liabilities, assets, and note disclosures.

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refund of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Compensated Absences

Liability for compensated absences is accounted for in accordance with the provisions of the GASB, which requires entities to accrue for employees' rights to receive compensation for sick leave, as such benefits are earned and payment becomes probable.

School District policy is to pay to qualifying retirees a portion of unused sick days, subject to certain limitations. Amounts determined will be deposited into a 403(B) plan on behalf of the retired employee; no cash option is available.

The estimate of the liabilities for compensated absences has been calculated using the termination payment method in accordance with the provisions of the GASB. Under that method, the School District has identified the amount earned to date by each employee, determined the cost of that benefit by reference to the benefit provisions and the current rates paid by the School District, and estimated the probability of the payment of that benefit to employees upon retirement.

Liabilities for vested, unused sick pay are recorded in the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements, and are expensed as incurred.

Payments for sick pay are expensed as paid in the governmental fund financial statements.

### Retirement Stipend

In addition to the above, employees in the bargaining agreement, who retire from the School District with at least fifteen (15) years of service will receive a \$ 5,500 payment upon retirement. This is included in the liability for individuals that are eligible based on years of service.

### Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The School District provides continuation of medical and dental benefits, including prescription drug coverage, to eligible retired employees and qualified spouses/beneficiaries until the retired employee reaches the age of sixty-five. In order to obtain coverage, retired employees must provide payment for the average rate for the overall plan cost including both active and retired employees.

In addition to the other postemployment benefit detailed above, the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) also provides a health insurance premium assistance program for all eligible employees, which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan.

### Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the June 30, 2015 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the June 30, 2016 presentation.

### Net Position - Government-Wide/Proprietary Funds

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets:** This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to acquisition, construction, or improvement of assets of related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

**Restricted Net Position:** This component of net position consists of restricted assets and deferred outflows of resources reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. These restrictions could include constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Restricted net position as of June 30, 2016 is for future capital expenses.

**Unrestricted Net Position:** This component of net position is the amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds classify fund balance based on the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable:** This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This classification includes items such as prepaid amounts, inventories, and long term amount of loans and notes receivable. This also includes the corpus (or principal) of permanent funds.

### Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

**Restricted:** This classification includes amounts where the constraints placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge or mandate payment and includes a legally enforceable requirement on the use of these funds.

**Committed:** This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision–making authority. This formal action is in the form of a resolution which is made by the School Board. Once an amount is committed, it cannot be used for any other purpose unless changed by the same type of formal action used to initially constrain the funds.

**Assigned:** This classification includes spendable amounts that are reported in governmental funds *other than the General Fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. The intent of an assigned fund balance should be expressed by either the School District's Board, or a subordinate high-level body, such as the finance committee, superintendent, or business manager that is authorized to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. As detailed in its Fund Balance Policy, the Director of Finance has the authority to make assignments of fund balance. The assignment of fund balance cannot result in a negative unassigned fund balance.

**Unassigned:** This classification represents the portion of spendable fund balance that has not been categorized as restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund which would include a positive unassigned fund balance as all other fund types must categorize amounts within the other classifications. A negative unassigned fund balance may occur in any fund when there is an over expenditure of restricted or committed fund balance. In this case, any assigned fund balance (and unassigned fund balance in the general fund) would be eliminated prior to reporting a negative unassigned fund balance.

### Policy Regarding Order of Spending

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the School District does not have a spending order policy; therefore the default spending order is to use restricted resources first and then apply unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

### Minimum Fund Balance

The School District strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance of the general fund of not less than three percent (3%) and not more than eight percent (8%) of the budgeted expenditures for that fiscal year.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Section 440.1 of the Pennsylvania School Code and Act 10 of 2016 define allowable investments for school districts, which are summarized as follows:

- U.S. Treasury Bills
- Short term obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies
- Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation of the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law therefore shall be pledged by the depository
- Obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the respective governmental entity
- Shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- Obligations, participations or other instruments of any federal agency, instrumentality or Unites States government-sponsored enterprise if the debt obligations are rated at least "A" or its equivalent
- Commercial paper issues by corporations or other business entities organized in accordance with federal or state law, with a maturity not to exceed 270 days
- Bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank, otherwise known as bankers' acceptances, if the banker's acceptances do not exceed 180 days
- Negotiable certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit, with a remaining maturity of three years or less

### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, the School District has a bank balance of \$38,753,972 (including long-term certificates of deposit, which are classified as investments for the basic financial statements). Of this balance, \$1,116,077 is covered by FDIC insurance and the remaining balance of \$37,738,983 was exposed to custodial credit risk because the collateral securities held by the bank's agents are not in the School District's name.

### NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Pennsylvania Act 72 of 1971, as amended, is an act standardizing the procedures for pledges of assets to secure deposits of public funds with banking institutions pursuant to other laws; establishing a standard rule for the types, amounts and valuations of assets eligible to be used as collateral for deposits of public funds; permitting assets to be pledged against deposits on a pooled basis and authorizing the appointment of custodians to act as the pledger of the assets. Based on the standards outlined in Act 72, the various banks utilized by the School District have, pledged collateral on a pooled basis on behalf of the School District and all other governmental depositors in the respective financial institutions.

Included in the totals above are certificates of deposit (CD's) in the amount of \$ 1,515,000 which are held with local banks. These CD's had an original maturity greater than 90 days and are classified as investments in the financial statements.

### NOTE 3 TAXES

Real estate taxes are considered fully collectible since liens can be filed on properties. Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on assessed property values. The tax bills are mailed by the Tax Collectors on July 1 and are payable as follows.

Discount July 1 – August 31

Face September 1 – October 31 Penalty November 1 – December 31

After January 15, the bills are considered delinquent and turned over to the Cumberland County Tax Claim Bureau for collection.

### NOTE 4 TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Taxes receivable and related deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements consist of the following as of June 30, 2016:

Earned income	\$	2,144,850
Real estate		752,148
Real estate transfer tax		522,680
Taxes receivable, net		3,419,678
Taxes collected within sixty days, recorded as revenues in governmental funds	_	(2,017,558)
Taxes estimated to be collected after sixty days, recorded as deferred inflows of resources in governmental funds.	\$	1,402,120

### NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables/payables consist of the following at June 30, 2016:

	I	nterfund	Interfund
Funds	R	eceivable	Payable
General	\$	120,455	\$ -
Capital Projects		-	250
Capital Reserve		-	38,591
Food Service		-	372
Property Rentals (Other Enterprise)		-	 81,242
	\$	120,455	\$ 120,455

The Capital Projects Fund, Capital Reserve Fund and Other Enterprise Fund owe the General Fund for capital and operational expenditures that were paid on behalf of these funds. The Food Service Fund owes the General Fund for reimbursements to be made related to purchases made by the General Fund that were not paid back as of June 30, 2016.

Net interfund transfers consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2016:

<b>Funds</b>	Transfers In	Tr	Transfers Out			
General	\$ -	\$	4,011,673			
Capital Projects	2,700,000		-			
Capital Reserve	1,300,000		-			
Food Service	11,673					
	\$ 4,011,673	\$	4,011,673			

Transfers are substantially for purposes of subsidizing operating functions and funding capital projects and asset acquisitions. For the year ended June 30, 2016, amounts were transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Projects and Capital Reserve Funds to fund various future improvements and acquisitions. There was also a transfer to the Food Service Fund as a result of employee benefits funded by the General Fund.

### NOTE 6 INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

		Go	vernmental	Pr	oprietary
			Funds		Funds
State:	Social Security	\$	197,672	\$	-
	Retirement		1,388,000		-
	Grants/subsidies		1,750,646		8,776
Federal:	Grants/subsidies		901,366		133,070
		\$	4,237,684	\$	141,846

### NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the School District consists of the following as of and for the year ended June 30,2016:

		Beginning Balance		Additions	1	Retirements		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:		Dalalice		Additions		Ketii eiiieiits		Dalalice
Cost								
Assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	1,951,733	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,951,733
Construction in process		42,855,328		3,232,473		(43,133,851)		2,953,950
Assets being depreciated								
Site improvements		8,576,358		96,055		-		8,672,413
Buildings		84,650,753		43,150,669		-		127,801,422
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		20,662,805		168,111		(130,473)		20,700,443
Total cost	_	158,696,977		46,647,308		(43,264,324)	_	162,079,961
Less accumulated depreciation								
Site improvements		(2,331,739)		(398,397)		-		(2,730,136)
Buildings		(41,041,724)		(3,521,055)		_		(44,562,779)
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures		(11,030,452)		(1,431,953)		119,067		(12,343,338)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(54,403,915)		(5,351,405)	-	119,067	_	(59,636,253)
		(0 1,100,100)	_	(0,000,000)	_	===/,===	_	(01,000,000)
Capital assets, net	\$	104,293,062	\$	41,295,903	\$	(43,145,257)	\$	102,443,708
Business-Type Activities:								
Cost								
Assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	153,900	\$	_	\$	_	\$	153,900
Assets being depreciated		,						,
Site improvements		15,183		_		_		15,183
Buildings		856,267		_		-		856,267
Furniture and equipment		2,601,588		82,265		(21,378)		2,662,475
Total cost		3,626,938		82,265		(21,378)		3,687,825
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Site improvements		(15,183)		_		_		(15,183)
Buildings		(497,305)		(34,685)		-		(531,990)
Furniture and equipment		(2,377,186)		(60,408)		21,378		(2,416,216)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,889,674)	_	(95,093)	_	21,378		(2,963,389)
Capital assets, net	\$	737,264	\$	(12,828)	\$	_	\$	724,436

### NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities		
Instruction	\$	3,401,711
Instructional student support		512,122
Administrative and financial support services		594,816
Operation and maintenance of plant services		481,362
Pupil transportation		255,473
Student activities		104,637
Community services		1,284
	\$	5,351,405
Business-Type Activities		
Food service	\$	60,408
Property rental		34,685
	\$	95,093
The construction in progress consists of the following at June 30, 203	16:	
Hamilton Elementary School Renovations	\$	775,824
Fiber Optic Cable Project		1,978,209
Maintenance office building repairs		121,539
Various projects		78,378
Total	\$	2,953,950

As of June 30, 2016, the School District had the following construction commitments:

	I	Total Estimated	Total Costs	Total Costs To Be			
		Costs	Incurred		Incurred		
Hamilton Elementary School Renovations	\$	6,785,690	\$ 775,824	\$	6,009,866		
Fiber Optic Cable Project		1,993,002	1,978,209		14,793		
Swartz auditorium roof		151,391	-		151,391		
Tennis courts renovations		172,154			172,154		
	\$	9,102,237	\$ 2,754,033	\$	6,348,204		

### NOTE 8 ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS/WITHHOLDINGS

Accrued salaries and benefits consist of the following as of June 30, 2016:

### **General Fund**

Accrued salaries	\$ 2,219,617
Retirement	2,754,342
Social security	 162,372
	\$ 5,136,331

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	I	Beginning Balance		Additions	Reductions			Ending Balance		Current Portion	]	Long-term Portion
Governmental Activities												
General obligation bonds and												
notes payable:												
(A) Series of 2011	\$	26,055,000	\$	-	\$	(130,000)	\$	25,925,000	\$	130,000	\$	25,795,000
(B) Series of 2012A		8,735,000		-		(450,000)		8,285,000		460,000		7,825,000
(C) Series of 2012B		2,495,000		-		(55,000)		2,440,000		55,000		2,385,000
(D) Series of 2014		8,685,000		-		(1,360,000)		7,325,000		1,405,000		5,920,000
(E) Series of 2014A		2,515,000		-		(610,000)		1,905,000		615,000		1,290,000
(F) Series of 2014B		8,005,000		-		(1,750,000)		6,255,000		1,805,000		4,450,000
(G) Series of 2015A		6,865,000		-		(90,000)		6,775,000		90,000		6,685,000
(H) Series of 2015B		2,940,000		-		(50,000)		2,890,000		60,000		2,830,000
Unamortized bond												
premium/(discount)		3,619,621		-		(441,138)		3,178,483		441,138		2,737,345
Subtotal - bonds		69,914,621		-		(4,936,138)		64,978,483		5,061,138		59,917,345
Capital leases		163,017		-		(36,884)		126,133		40,327		85,806
Compensated absences/												
retirement stipend												
Sick leave		1,171,580		744,240		(982,760)		933,060		67,254		865,806
Vacation		110,920 588,500		342,320 49,500		(325,509)		127,731 610,500		45,833 12,773		81,898 597,727
Retirement stipend Subtotal - compensated		588,500		49,500	_	(27,500)		610,500		12,//3	_	597,727
absences/retirement												
stipend		1 071 000		1 126 060		(1 225 7(0)		1 (71 201		125.060		1 545 421
supenu		1,871,000	_	1,136,060	_	(1,335,769)	_	1,671,291	_	125,860	_	1,545,431
Total long-term liabilities	\$	71,948,638	\$	1,136,060	\$	(6,308,791)	\$	66,775,907	\$	5,227,325	\$	61,548,582
Business-Type Activities Compensated absences:												
Sick leave	\$	2,030	\$	478	\$	(634)	\$	1,874	\$	187	\$	1,687
Vacation		1,350		3,834		(3,456)		1,728		173		1,555
Total long-term liabilities	\$	3,380	\$	4,312	\$	(4,090)	\$	3,602	\$	360	\$	3,242

- (A) On December 1, 2011, the School District issued general obligation bonds Series of 2011 in the amount of \$ 26,680,000. The proceeds will be used towards the School District's capital improvement program. The bonds are due in varying amounts on March 1 and September 1, 2012 to 2027. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.45% to 5.25%.
- (B) On April 1, 2012, the School District issued general obligation bonds Series of 2012A in the amount of \$ 9,715,000. The proceeds were used to refinance the Series of 2009 bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts on March 1 and September 1, 2012 to 2023. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.40% to 3.00%.

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

- (C) On June 1, 2012, the School District issued general obligation bonds Series of 2012B in the amount of \$ 2,805,000. The proceeds were used to refinance the Series of 2007 bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts on March 1 and September 1, 2012 to 2022. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 1.50% to 2.00%.
- (D) On July 22, 2014, the School District issued \$ 9,620,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014. The purpose of the issuance was to refund the School District's 2009B Bonds, to fund a portion of the costs and expenses of the Crestview Elementary Project, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with principal maturing March 1, 2021. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.25% to 3.00%.
- (E) On August 8, 2014, the School District issued \$ 2,550,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014A. The purpose of the issuance was to refund the School District's 2009A Bonds, to fund a portion of the costs and expenses of the Crestview Elementary Project, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with principal maturing September 1, 2018. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%.
- (F) On December 3, 2014, the School District issued \$8,095,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014B. The purpose of the issuance was to refund a portion of the School District's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2005, to fund capital projects of the School District, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with principal maturing March 1, 2020. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.30% to 4.00%.
- (G) On January 5, 2015, the School District issued \$6,965,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015A. The purpose of the issuance was to refund the School District's 2005 Bonds, to fund a portion of the costs and expenses of the Crestview Elementary Project, fund various capital projects, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with principal maturing March 1, 2022. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.00%.
- (H) On January 5, 2015, the School District issued \$2,945,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015B. The purpose of the issuance was to fund a portion of the costs and expenses of the Crestview Elementary Project, fund various capital projects, and pay the costs of the issuance of the bonds. The bonds are due in varying amounts semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with principal maturing March 1, 2028. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 1.60% to 3.25%.

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The annual debt requirements for future general obligation bonds and notes as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Series	of 2011	Series o	f 2012A	Series o	f 2012B	Series of 2014			
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2017	\$ 130,000	\$ 1,282,012	\$ 460,000	\$ 186,370	\$ 55,000	\$ 47,537	\$ 1,405,000	\$ 196,390		
2018	130,000	1,279,087	470,000	177,170	55,000	46,713	1,425,000	168,290		
2019	135,000	1,275,775	475,000	170,590	60,000	45,850	1,480,000	112,990		
2020	140,000	1,271,988	500,000	162,515	740,000	38,000	1,535,000	61,040		
2021	145,000	1,267,713	515,000	152,515	825,000	22,350	1,480,000	30,340		
2022 - 2026	19,485,000	4,806,633	5,865,000	248,384	705,000	7,050	-	-		
2027 - 2028	5,760,000	144,000								
	\$ 25,925,000	\$ 11,327,208	\$ 8,285,000	\$ 1,097,544	\$ 2,440,000	\$ 207,500	\$ 7,325,000	\$ 569,050		

		Series o	f 20	14A	Series of 2014B			14B	Series of 2015A				Series of 2015B			
	Principal		Interest		F	Principal	Interest		1	Principal	Interest		]	Principal	]	Interest
2017	\$	615,000	\$	51,400	\$	1,805,000	\$	232,150	\$	90,000	\$	158,685	\$	60,000	\$	86,297
2018		635,000		35,725		1,860,000		178,000		95,000		862,865		65,000		85,337
2019		655,000		13,100		1,940,000		103,600		95,000		154,985		60,000		84,297
2020		-		-		650,000		26,000		1,465,000		153,085		25,000		83,337
2021		-		-		-		-		2,185,000		109,135		30,000		82,587
2022 - 2026		-		-		-		-		2,845,000		65,435		180,000		394,335
2027 - 2028											_	-	_	2,470,000		124,137
	\$	1,905,000	\$	100,225	\$	6,255,000	\$	539,750	\$	6,775,000	\$	1,504,190	\$	2,890,000	\$	940,327

	Totals								
	Principal	Interest							
2017	\$ 4,620,000	\$ 2,240,841							
2018	4,735,000	2,833,187							
2019	4,900,000	1,961,187							
2020	5,055,000	1,795,965							
2021	5,180,000	1,664,640							
2022 - 2026	29,080,000	5,521,837							
2027 - 2028	8,230,000	268,137							
	\$ 61,800,000	\$ 16,285,794							

### **Subsequent Events - Debt**

On July 7, 2016, the School District issued \$ 3,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2016 (Limited Tax). The purpose of the issuance is to finance various capital projects of the School District and to pay the costs of issuing the Bonds.

### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

### Capital Leases

The School District is financing the purchase of treadmills through capital leases with vendors. At June 30, 2016, the leased assets have a gross capitalized value of \$ 177,756 and accumulated depreciation of \$ 71,102, leaving a net book value of \$ 106,654 that is included in capital assets. Amortization expense of \$ 35,551 is included in depreciation expense.

The aggregate amount of future payments required on capital leases at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

2016-2017	\$	49,999
2017-2018		49,999
2018-2019		43,387
		143,385
Amount representing interest		(17,252)
	\$	126,133

### NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### **Plan Description**

The School District has a healthcare plan for retired employees, which is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the School District. The plan provides medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for both retiree and family. The member is eligible until the employee reaches Medicare age. For all employees, to continue coverage upon retirement, the retiree must reimburse the School District 100% of the School District's premium for the coverage.

For all employees, retirees opting to participate are asked to pay a premium amount that is less than the School District's annual cost to provide health care coverage to retirees. The premium amount retirees pay is a blended rate for covering both active and retired Plan members. The fact that the blended rate that retirees pay is less than the cost of covering retired members and their beneficiaries results in what is known as an "implicit rate subsidy" by the School District, which gives rise to the benefit.

### **Funding Policy**

The School District's medical and prescription drug plans are self-funded. Each of these benefit plan's average premiums are updated annually based on actual claims. Retirees are responsible for payment of the average premium. The School District funds OPEB on a pay-as-you-go basis, and has not established an OPEB trust fund to accumulate assets to fund Plan obligations. The School District has no statutory or contractual obligation to fund the Plan and only does so at the School District's discretion. The School District funds the implicit rate subsidy through the payment of health insurance premiums. For the fiscal year 2015/2016, the School District's estimated contributions were \$ 245,827 in the form of additional premiums for active employees based on implicit rates for retired employees to the Plan. Plan members receiving benefits also contributed \$ 599,111.

### NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the School District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School District's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

	Governmental		
	Activities		
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	325,301	
Estimated interest on net OPEB obligation		63,672	
Estimated adjustment to ARC		(86,865)	
Annual OPEB cost		302,108	
Estimated employer contributions made		(245,827)	
Increase in net OPEB obligation		56,281	
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of the year		1,414,938	
Net OPEB obligation - end of the year	\$	1,471,219	

The School District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the preceding two years were as follows:

	Fiscal Year		Annual	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
_	Ended	0	PEB Cost	<b>OPEB Cost Contributed</b>	<b>Obligation</b>
	2016	\$	302,108	81.37%	\$ 1,471,219
	2015	\$	327,424	72.37%	\$ 1,414,938
	2014	\$	329,076	69.38%	\$ 1,324,463

### Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan had the following funded status and progress:

	Actuarial Value		uarial Accrued ability (AAL) -	Į	Jnfunded AAL	Funded	Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of	
Valuation Date	of Assets (a)	Entry Age (b)			(UAAL) Ratio (b - a) (a / b		Payroll (c)	Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c)	
07/01/15	\$ -	\$	2,650,293	\$	2,650,293	0.00%	\$ 27,203,630	9.74%	

### NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the profitability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to the continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.50 percent investment rate of return, annual salary increases of 3.75 to 6.25% and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6% in 2015 and 5.5% 2016 through 2020. Rates gradually decrease from 5.4% in 2021 to 3.8% in 2075. The actuarial value of assets was based on the fair value of assets, of which there are none. The UAAL is being amortized based on a level dollar 30 year open period.

# Other Postemployment Benefits – Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS)

In addition to the other postemployment benefit detailed above, the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) also provides a health insurance premium assistance program for all eligible employees, which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. The PSERS Retirement Board is established by state law as an independent administrative board of the Commonwealth. The plan benefits and contributions are specified in the Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Code. Changes in benefit and contribution provisions must be made by legislation. Pursuant to state law, all legislative bills and amendments proposing to change the plan are to be accompanied with an actuarial note prepared by an enrolled actuary from the Public Employee Retirement Commission providing an estimate of the cost and actuarial effect of the proposed change. Under this program, School District contribution rates for premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. The PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information that can be obtained from their website at <a href="http://www.psers.state.pa.us/">http://www.psers.state.pa.us/</a>.

### NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Participating eligible employees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$ 100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible employees must obtain their health insurance through the School District. The contribution rate is set at a level necessary to establish reserves sufficient to provide premium assistance for the subsequent fiscal year. The portion of the total contribution rate for the School District and the Commonwealth used to fund the premium assistance was 0.84% for the year ended June 30, 2016.

The information below summarizes the required contributions, the percentage of required contribution contributed and the contribution rate for the current year and two preceding years:

Fiscal Year	R	Required	Percentage	Contribution
<b>Ended</b>	Co	ntribution	Contributed	Rate
2016	\$	243,428	100.00%	0.84%
2015	\$	270,547	100.00%	0.90%
2014	\$	279,030	100.00%	0.93%

### NOTE 11 PENSION PLAN

### General Information About the Pension Plan

### **Plan Description**

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

#### **Benefits Provided**

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (C) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined by the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the rights to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

### General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

### **Benefits Provided (Continued)**

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined by the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefits the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

#### **Contributions**

#### Member contributions:

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983 contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001 contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011 automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

### **Employer Contributions:**

The School District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was 25.00% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions recognized as revenue by the pension plan from the School District were \$7,224,887 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

### **Contributions (Continued)**

State Funding:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania generally reimburses the School District for 50% of its retirement expense. This arrangement does not meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB standards. Therefore, the net pension liabilities and related pension expense represent 100% of the School District's share of these amounts. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized revenue of \$ 3,831,680 as reimbursement for its current year pension payments.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported a liability of \$ 102,873,859 in the Statement of Net Position for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2015. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2015, the School District's proportion was 0.2375 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0017 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized pension expense as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$9,	299,517
Business-Type Activities	\$	17,814

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred utflows of		Deferred inflows of
	R	Resources	F	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	425,000
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		207,748
Changes in proportionate share - plan		1,502,321		576,780
Changes in proportionate share - fund		11,006		11,006
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate				
share of total contributions		252,927		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,290,127		<u>-</u> _
	\$	9,056,381	\$	1,220,534

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The \$7,290,127 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	0:	
2017	\$	(175,093)
2018		(175,093)
2019		(175,093)
2020		1,070,999
Total	\$	545,720

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.50%, includes inflation at 3.00%
- Salary increases Effective average of 5.50%, which reflects an allowance for inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth of 1.00%, and merit or seniority increases of 1.50%
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-200 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females. For disabled annuitants the RP-200 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2010. The recommended assumption changes based on this experience study were adopted by the PSERS Board at its March 11, 2011 Board meeting, and were effective beginning with the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public markets global equity	22.5%	4.8%
Private markets (equity)	15.0%	6.6%
Private real estate	12.0%	4.5%
Global fixed income	7.5%	2.4%
U.S. long treasuries	3.0%	1.4%
TIPS	12.0%	1.1%
High yield bonds	6.0%	3.3%
Cash	3.0%	0.7%
Absolute return	10.0%	4.9%
Risk parity	10.0%	3.7%
MLPs/Infrastructure	5.0%	5.2%
Commodities	8.0%	3.1%
Financing (LIBOR)	(14.0%)	(1.1%)
	100%	

The above was the PSERS's Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015.

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	6.5%	7.5%	8.5%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 126,802,000	\$ 102,873,859	\$ 82,762,000		

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at <a href="https://www.psers.state.pa.us">www.psers.state.pa.us</a>.

### Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2016, the School District had \$2,754,342 included in accrued salaries and benefits liability, of which \$2,188,789 is for the contractually required contribution for the second quarter of 2016 and \$565,553 is related to the accrued payroll liability for wages incurred as of June 30, 2016.

### NOTE 12 AFFILIATES

As explained in Note 1, the Carlisle Area School District is affiliated with the Harrisburg Area Community College (HACC). Total expenses incurred for HACC during the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$ 298,504.

### NOTE 13 CONTINGENCIES

The School District is subject to real estate tax assessment appeals on an ongoing basis. If tax appeals are successful, the result is a loss of tax revenue to the School District. It is anticipated that any material loss of tax revenue on individual tax appeals will be offset with additional revenues from other properties or other sources of revenue and would not create a financial hardship to the School District.

The School District is involved with various lawsuits in the normal course of operations. In most cases, management cannot predict the outcome of the lawsuits or estimate the amount of any loss that may result. Management believes that losses resulting from these matters, if any, would be substantially covered under the School District's professional liability insurance policy and would not have a material effect on the financial position of the School District.

### NOTE 13 CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The School District participates in numerous state and federal programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School District has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2016 may be impaired. In the opinion of the School District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT - INSURANCE

The School District's risk management activities are recorded in the general, food service, and internal service funds and are related to administering employee life, health, and disability, property and liability, worker's compensation, and unemployment insurance programs. The School District's risk management activities do not constitute a transfer of risk from the School District. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or three prior years.

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs except workers' compensation and health insurance.

The School District self-insures a portion of their workers' compensation insurance through the School District Insurance Consortium (SDIC). The School District is responsible for claims up to the amount maintained in a self-insurance reserve with SDIC. The School District also contributes to the SDIC "Central Fund", which pays claims for all participating school districts that exceed the initial claims self-insured. There were no significant unpaid claims or estimated claims incurred but not reported at June 30, 2016. Total payments to SDIC in 2015/2016 were \$ 154,618.

On July 1, 1995 the School District established the South Central Region School Employees Benefit and Welfare Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool, to provide its employees medical and dental insurance. The member school districts of the Trust elect trustees to manage it, but the risk is not shared among all members. At June 30, 2016, there were ten member school districts in the Trust. The School District uses a "claim-based" funding plan for medical insurance. Under this plan, the School District pays the Trust based on actual claims paid, or in essence, self-insures. The School District utilizes an internal service fund to account for the revenues and expenses of the program.

Payments are made from the general fund and food service fund to the internal service fund based on an estimate of expected claims established by the insurance carrier at the beginning of the year. Premiums charged in excess of claims paid and administrative costs are deposited in a rate-stabilization fund for the School District. Since the School District is responsible for its own risk, additional assessments would be charged to make up any deficiencies in this fund related to the School District; thus this functions like a retrospectively rated program. The balance remaining in the rate-stabilization fund held by the Trust is considered a prepaid expense within the internal service fund. Provisions are in effect by the Trust to refund any excess monies should the School District withdraw or the Trust be dissolved. The School District maintains stop loss coverage for claims greater than \$ 225,000 individually, and has an unlimited lifetime benefit per person.

### NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT - INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

Changes in health insurance claims liability amounts (including stop loss premiums and administrative charges) for the years ended June 30 were as follows:

		rrent Year Expense including			
Year Ended June 30	Liability Beginning	hanges in Estimate)	I	Payments	Liability Ending
2016	\$ 298,973	\$ 8,010,374	\$	7,764,283	\$ 545,064
2015	\$ 480,000	\$ 7,728,120	\$	7,909,147	\$ 298,973

The ending liability consists of incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims as of June 30, 2016. The IBNR was estimated based on actual claims incurred prior to June 30, 2016, but paid after year end.

### NOTE 15 LEASES

The School District has entered into a noncancelable operating lease for copiers. Rent expense for 2015-2016 was \$ 168,728. The School District has the following future minimum payments:

### NOTE 16 THE BISON FOUNDATION

The Foundation is included in these financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. The following details the significant footnotes of the Foundation.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents of the Foundation represent demand deposits.

### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Foundation's deposits may not be returned to it. The Foundation does not have a written policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, \$92,698 of the Foundation's bank balance of \$347,463 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

### NOTE 16 THE BISON FOUNDATION (CONTINUED)

### **Net Position**

The following details the net position of the Foundation as of June 30, 2016:

Restricted - expendable Scholarships	\$ 87,181
Unrestricted	 300,362
Total net position	\$ 387.543

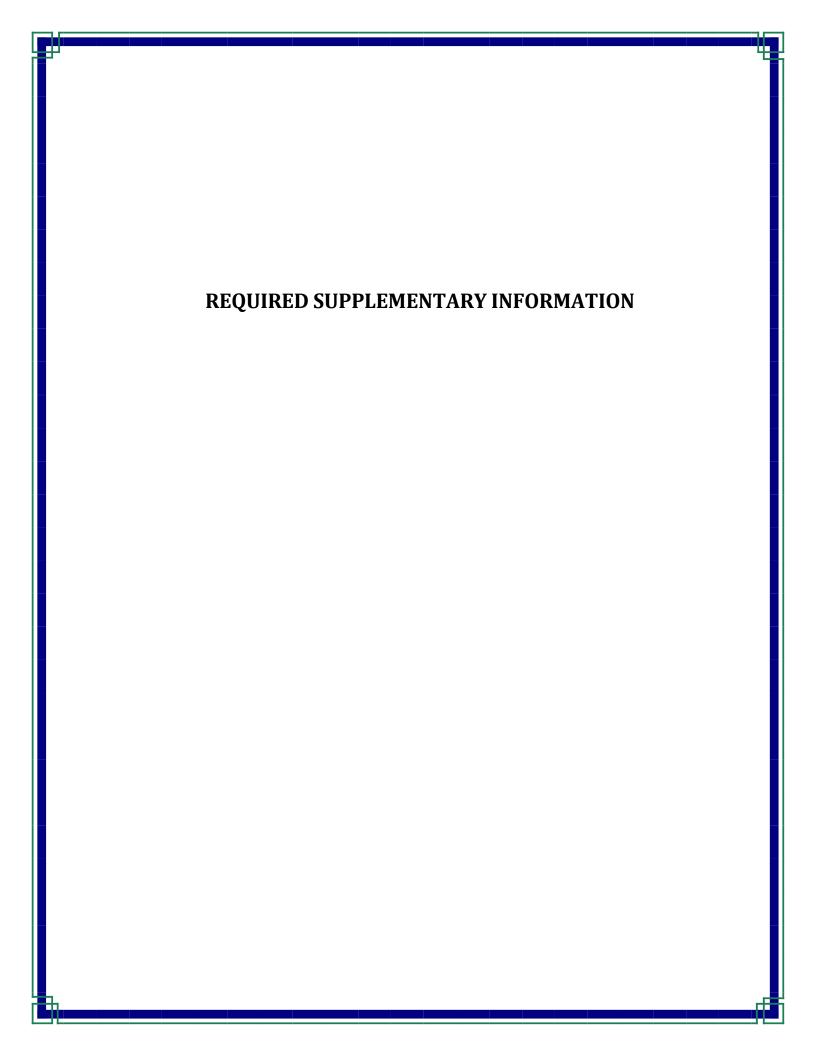
### Transactions between the Primary Government and Component Unit

During the year ended June 30, 2016, there were no transfers between the Foundation and the School District.

### NOTE 17 RESTATEMENT

A restatement was required to correct the balance of liabilities for the Component Unit Foundation at June 30, 2015. In the year ending June 30, 2015, a liability was recorded for funds held on behalf of another organization. It was originally understood that these funds were held for a separate entity; however, it was subsequently determined that these funds were not truly for a separate entity, but were part of a separate fund within the Component Unit. As a result, these funds were reclassified from a liability to net position. As a result of this restatement, the June 30, 2015 net position balance was restated as follows:

	C	omponent Unit			
	Foundation				
Net Position, as originally stated - June 30, 2015	\$	332,499			
Correct classification of funds held for another organization.		27,160			
Net Position, as restated - June 30, 2015	\$	359,659			



### CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT OPEB (Other Postemployment Benefit Plan) Unaudited Required Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2016

Valuation Date	Va of A	uarial alue Assets (a)		tuarial Accrued ability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	ı	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c)	
07/01/15	\$	-	\$	2,650,293	\$	2,650,293	0.00%	\$ 27,203,630	9.74%	
07/01/13 07/01/11	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	2,867,065 3,336,284	\$ \$	2,867,065 3,336,284	0.00% 0.00%	\$ 27,443,987 \$ 28,905,238	10.45% 11.54%	

# CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Public School Employees' Retirement System Year Ended June 30, 2016

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)			ool District's ered Payroll - easurement period	School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
2016	0.2375%	\$	102.873.859	\$	30.552.732	336.71%	54.36%	
2015	0.2392%	\$	94,677,075	\$	30,521,811	310.19%	57.24%	

### **NOTES**

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement period year-end that was used for the fiscal year. For PSERS, the measurement period year-end is one year prior to the fiscal year-end.

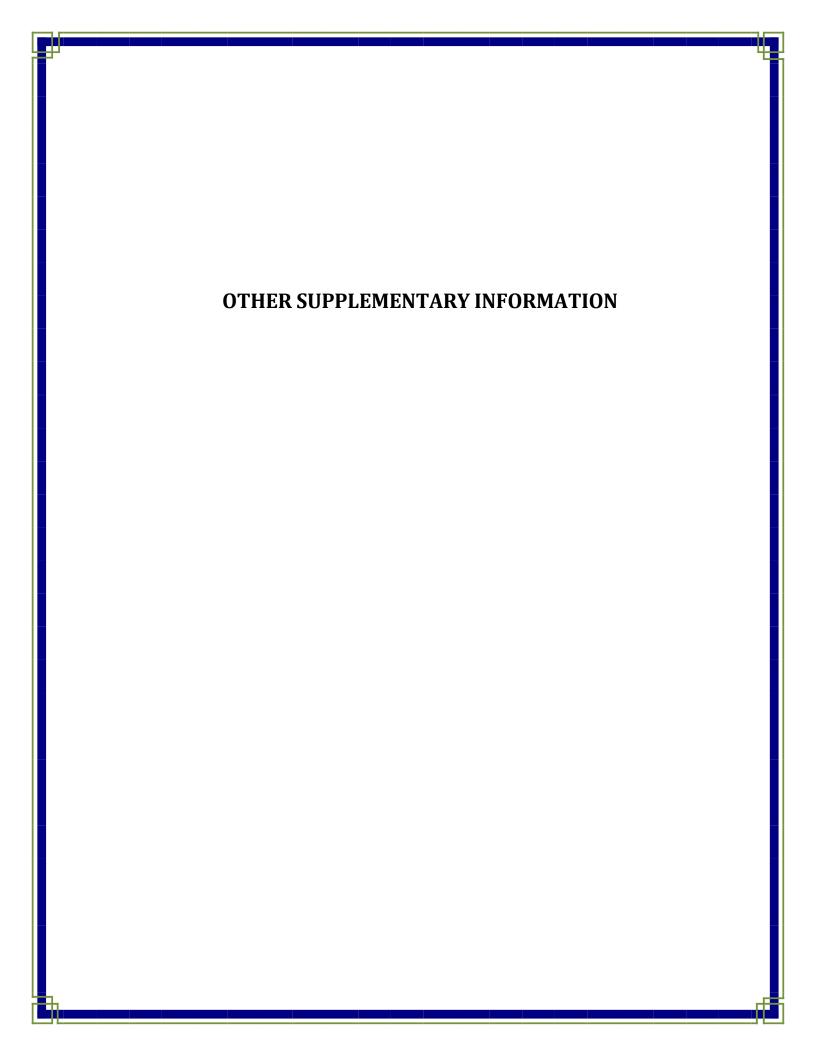
This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the future.

# CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of School District's Contributions - Public School Employees' Retirement System Year Ended June 30, 2016

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	ctually Required	Conti	ontributions in Relation to the ractually Required Contribution	 tribution ncy (Excess)	Со	vered Payroll - Fiscal Year	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		
2016	\$ 7,244,887	\$	7,244,887	\$ _	\$	29,356,113	24.68%		
2015	\$ 6,162,467	\$	6,162,467	\$ -	\$	30,552,732	20.17%		
2014	\$ 4,800,513	\$	4,800,513	\$ -	\$	30,521,811	15.73%		
2013	\$ 3,370,494	\$	3,370,494	\$ -	\$	29,923,678	11.26%		

### Notes

This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the future.



## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2016

Grantor Program Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Receivable (Payable) at July 1, 2015	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures Recognized	Receivable (Payable) at June 30, 2016	Total Passed-Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education											
Impact Aid	I	84.041	N/A	July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015	557,576	\$ 42,691	\$ 42,691	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Impact Aid	I	84.041	N/A	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	607,941	607,941	-	607,941	607,941	-	=
Total direct funds						650,632	42,691	607,941	607,941		
Passed through the Pennsylvania Departr	nent of Education										
ESEA Title I	I	84.010	013-15-0063	July 1, 2014 - September 30, 2015	986,937	131,224	131,224	-	-	-	-
ESEA Title I	I	84.010	013-16-0063	July 1, 2015 - September 30, 2016	911,559	911,559	-	911,559	911,559	-	=
	Title I					1,042,783	131,224	911,559	911,559	-	-
ESEA Title II Improving Teacher Quality	Ī	84.367	013-15-0063	July 1, 2014 - September 30, 2015	157,151	(213)	(213)	_	_	_	_
ESEA Title II Improving Teacher Quality	Ī	84.367	013-16-0063	July 1, 2015 - September 30, 2016	155,372	155,372	-	155,372	155,372	-	-
	Title II					155,159	(213)	155,372	155,372	-	-
ESEA Title III	I	84.365	013-15-0063	July 1, 2014 - September 30, 2015	37,383	6,445	8,011	_	_	1,566	_
ESEA Title III	i	84.365	013-16-0063	July 1, 2015 - September 30, 2016	39,425	30,977		39,425	39,425	8.448	_
	Γitle III			,, -,	01,120	37,422	8,011	39,425	39,425	10,014	-
Secondary Allocation - Perkins	I	84.048	380-16-0106	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	61,405	61,405		61,405	61,405		
Total - Pennsylvania Department of E	ducation					1,296,769	139,022	1,167,761	1,167,761	10,014	=
Passed through Capital Area Intermediate	Unit										
I.D.E.A.	I	84.027	N/A	July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015	853,951	426,976	426,976	-	-	-	-
I.D.E.A.	I	84.027	N/A	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	891,352	-	-	891,352	891,352	891,352	-
I.D.E.A. Part B (619)	I	84.173	N/A	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	9,978	9,978		9,978	9,978		
Total Special Education	Cluster					436,954	426,976	901,330	901,330	891,352	-
Race to the Top - ARRA	I	84.413A	N/A	July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2016	N/A	7,981		7,981	7,981		
Total - Capital Area Intermediate Unit	:					444,935	426,976	909,311	909,311	891,352	
Total U.S. Department of Education	ı					2,392,336	608,689	2,685,013	2,685,013	901,366	

## CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2016

Grantor Program Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Receivable (Payable) at July 1, 2015	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures Recognized	Receivable (Payable) at June 30, 2016	Total Passed-Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture				J						•	•
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Passed through Pennsylvania Department of	Education										
Fresh Fruits and Vegetable Program Fresh Fruits and Vegetable Program	I	10.582 10.582	N/A N/A	July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015 July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	N/A N/A	2,527 18,486	2,527	20,886	20,886	2,400	-
Total Fresh Fruits and Vegetable Progr	am	10.302	NA	July 1, 2013 - Julie 30, 2010	N/A	21,013	2,527	20,886	20,886	2,400	-
Child Nutrition Cluster Passed through Pennsylvania Department of	Education										
School Breakfast Program	I	10.553 10.553	N/A N/A	July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015 July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	N/A N/A	28,434 209,405	28,434	- 239,292	239,292	- 29,887	-
School Breakfast Program Total School Breakfast Progr	am	10.555	N/A	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	N/A	237,839	28,434	239,292	239,292	29,887	
Special Milk Special Milk	I I	10.556 10.556	N/A N/A	July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015 July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	N/A N/A	436 2,438	436	- 2,758	- 2,758	320	<u>-</u>
Total School Special Milk Progr	am					2,874	436	2,758	2,758	320	-
After School Snacks After School Snacks National School Lunch Program (cash)	I I	10.555 10.555 10.555	N/A N/A N/A	July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015 July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016 July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015	N/A N/A N/A	35 200 101,868	35 - 101,868	- 211	- 211	- 11	- -
National School Lunch Program (cash)	Ĭ	10.555	N/A	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	N/A	749,867	-	850,319	850,319	100,452	-
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department National School Lunch Program (commodities)	t <b>of Agricultu</b> i I(B)	e 10.555	N/A	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016	N/A	176,781		176,781	176,781		
Total National School Lunch Progr	am					1,028,751	101,903	1,027,311	1,027,311	100,463	
Total Child Nutrition Clus	ster					1,269,464	130,773	1,269,361	1,269,361	130,670	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture						1,290,477	133,300	1,290,247	1,290,247	133,070	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards						\$ 3,682,813	\$ 741,989	\$ 3,975,260	\$ 3,975,260	\$ 1,034,436	\$ -

### CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2016

### NOTE 1 REFERENCES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

- (D) Direct funding
- (I) Indirect funding
- (B) Based on USDA valuation

### NOTE 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of Accounting

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the modified accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education, which conform to generally accepted government accounting policies. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable. Revenues designated for payment of specific School District expenditures are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred. Any excess of revenues or expenditures at the fiscal year end is recorded as accounts payable or a receivable, respectively.

### **Indirect Cost Rate**

The School District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate for its federal program.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Carlisle Area School District Carlisle, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carlisle Area School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carlisle Area School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2016.

### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carlisle Area School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carlisle Area School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carlisle Area School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carlisle Area School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Smith Elliott Kearns : Company, LLC

Carlisle, Pennsylvania December 22, 2016

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors Carlisle Area School District Carlisle, Pennsylvania

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited Carlisle Area School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Carlisle Area School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Carlisle Area School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Carlisle Area School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Carlisle Area School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Carlisle Area School District's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Carlisle Area School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of Carlisle Area School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Carlisle Area School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carlisle Area School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Smith Elliott Learns : Company, LLC

Carlisle, Pennsylvania December 22, 2016

## **Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	I				
Internal control over financial reporting:						
<ul><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li><li>Significant deficiencies identified?</li></ul>	□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None Reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	□ Yes	⊠ No				
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
<ul><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li><li>Significant deficiencies identified?</li></ul>	□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None Reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major programs:	Unmodified					
<ul> <li>Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516?</li> </ul>	□Yes	⊠ No				
Identification of the major programs:						
CFDA Number(s)	Name o	of Federal Program				
10.553 10.555 10.555 10.556 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Donated Commodities Special Milk After School Snacks					
84.041	Impact Aid					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	<u>\$ 750,000</u>					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	□ Yes	⊠ No				

### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

A. Material Weaknesses or Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control Over Compliance

None noted

B. Compliance Findings

There were no compliance findings relating to the financial statement audit required to be reported.

### **Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

B. Material Weaknesses or Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control Over Compliance

None noted

C. Compliance Findings

None noted

### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

### Finding 2015-001 - Proper Recording of Federal Related Revenues and Receivables

**Condition:** During 2015, there were audit adjustments necessary for federal grant

activity that was not properly recorded or reconciled in the general ledger

or for reporting on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

**Status:** Corrective action was taken. There were no findings related to this matter

identified in the current year.

### Finding 2015-002 - Proper Recording of Capital Assets

**Condition:** During 2015, there were numerous audit adjustments necessary for capital

assets recorded in the governmental activities as well as the property rental fund. There was an asset purchased by the property rental fund that was erroneously recorded in the general fund. In addition, there were disposals of capital assets that were not properly accounted for. Finally, there were capital assets placed in service in the current year that were previously in construction in progress; however, these were not properly accounted for.

**Status:** Corrective action was taken. There were no findings related to this matter

identified in the current year.

#### FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

Finding 2015-003 - U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster CFDA 10.555,

10.553 and 10.556 - No Review of Food Service Claim Form

Submissions

**Condition:** The monthly claim forms for reimbursement filed by the School District to

document reimbursable meals for the food service program are generated and submitted by the same person with no review of these forms for accuracy by someone other than the person preparing the forms.

**Status:** Corrective action was taken. There were no findings related to this matter

identified in the current year.

Finding 2015-004 - U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster CFDA 10.555,

10.553 and 10.556 - No Review of Input of Free and Reduced

**Applications** 

**Condition:** The School District does not have review procedures in place to verify that

the individual inputting the information from the free and reduced applications into the system that determines eligibility is inputting that

information correctly.

**Status:** Corrective action was taken. There were no findings related to this matter

identified in the current year.